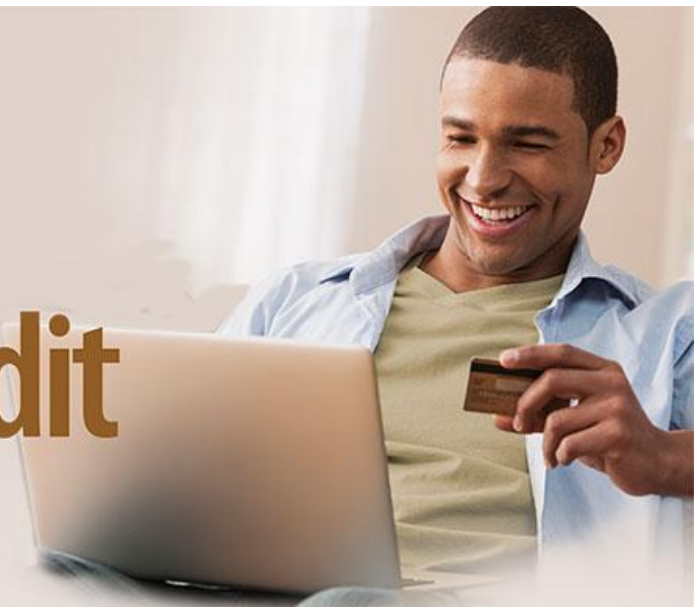


How to Maintain Great Credit



Once your credit is in great shape, make sure it stays that way with these tips.

Maintain low balances on your credit cards and revolving lines of credit. Once you've paid them down, keep the balances low by using them only for emergencies. If the balance is currently high on one or more cards or credit lines, begin paying them down, starting with the card or credit line with the highest interest rate first.

Set up automatic bill pay. Many creditors and utility companies make it easy to pay your bills on time by sending reminders before the payment is due. Additionally, setting up an automatic payment will ensure the bill is paid on time.

Keep rate shopping within a 30-day window of time. If you're thinking of taking out a loan to buy a car or a home, limit your rate search to a small timeframe so the inquiries will likely be treated as a single one. The more inquiries into your credit, the more likely they'll count against your score.

Reconsider closing accounts. Even if you don't use a line of credit anymore, it may not be a good idea to close it. Closing several accounts at once may raise red flags and impact your credit. Instead, leave the balance at zero and try not to use it.

Be responsible. It takes time to build great credit; it also takes time to rebuild your credit once it's damaged. Once you've earned a great credit score, continue good financial habits to maintain it.

What is a "Good" credit score?

Although lenders often decide what they consider acceptable credit, the credit tiers generally break down as follows:

Excellent Credit	750+
Good Credit:	700-749
Fair Credit	650-699
Poor Credit	600-649
Bad Credit	below 600

Source: Credit.com

What separates those with "Good" credit from those with "Excellent" credit?

Although people with excellent credit have more open revolving credit accounts, they don't actively use them and the debt they do carry makes up a lower percentage of their overall available credit.

40% of Americans fit FICO's High Achiever profile with a score of 750 or higher; of that total, more than **25%** have a score above 800.*

The difference between "Good" and "Excellent" credit

	Good	Excellent
Average FICO Score	700-749	750 or higher
Number of open revolving credit accounts	6	9
Average non-mortgage balance of debt	\$8,611	\$1,446

*Source: The Motley Fool, Jan 29, 2017

